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Business Hours: Monday - Friday 8.30am - 6.15pm

More Precision

confocalDT // Confocal chromatic sensor system



Confocal chromatic displacement and thickness measurements **confocalDT**



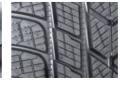
Highest precision in confocal chromatic displacement and thickness measurements

The confocalDT product range stands for the highest precision and dynamics in confocal chromatic measurement technology. The measuring system includes the fastest controller currently available, enabling high precision measurement results in displacement and distance measurement tasks, as well as thickness measurement of transparent objects. A large number of sensors and different interfaces can be used in versatile measurement tasks, e.g., in the semiconductor industry, glass industry, medical engineering and machine building.

Fast surface compensation

For distance and thickness measurements







Very small measurement spot size

Overview confocalDT

Sensor type		Measuring range	Measurement direction	Measurement mode	Page
confocalDT IFS2402	Confocal chromatic miniature sensors ø4 mm	1.5 mm 3.5 mm		Distance measurement	8 - 9
confocalDT IFS2403	Confocal chromatic hybrid sensors ø8 mm	0.4 mm 10 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	10 - 11
confocalDT IFS2404	Confocal chromatic sensors ø12 mm	2 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	12
confocalDT IFS2405	Precise confocal sensors ø27 - 64 mm	0.3 mm 30 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	13 - 15
confocalDT IFS2406	Confocal chromatic sensors for displacement & thickness measurements ø20 - 27 mm	2.5 mm 10 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	16 - 17
confocalDT IFS2407	High precision sensors for displacement & thickness measurements ø12 - 54 mm	0.1 mm 3 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	18 - 19

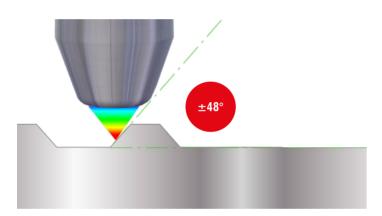
Each sensor can be operated with every confocalDT controller.

Controller type		Channels	Measuring rate	Page
confocalDT IFC242x	Confocal controller for industrial applications	1 or 2	up to 6.5 kHz	20 - 21
confocalDT IFC246x	Light-intensive controller for high speed measurements	1 or 2	up to 30 kHz	22 - 23
confocaIDT IFC2471 HS	Confocal high-speed controller	1	up to 70 kHz	24 - 25

Measuring principle and fields of application **confocalDT**

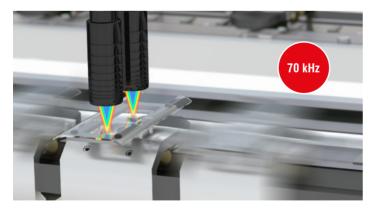
The confocal chromatic measuring principle

Polychromatic white light is focused onto the target surface by a multilens optical system. The lenses are arranged so that the white light is dispersed into monochromatic wavelengths by controlled chromatic aberration. To each wavelength, a specific distance is assigned by factory calibration. Only the wavelength which is exactly focused on the target is used for the measurement. An optical arrangement images the light reflected onto a light sensitive sensor element, on which the corresponding spectral color is detected and evaluated. In the case of multi-peak measurements, several distance points are evaluated accordingly.



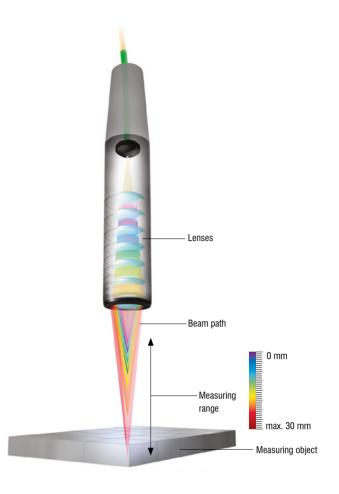
Large measuring angle

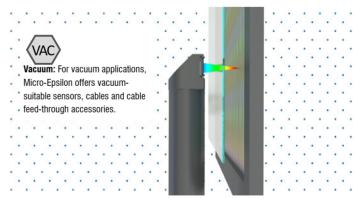
The confocalDT IFS sensors tolerate a large measuring angle up to 48°. Therefore, curved and structured surfaces can be detected reliably to generate stable signals.



Fastest measuring rates for dynamic measurement tasks

IFC2471HS controllers offer with 70 kHz the highest measuring rate in the world. However, it is important to adapt the exposure to the respective surface. Therefore, the confocalDT controller dynamically regulates the exposure of the CCD line. This exposure control compensates for color and reflectivity changes of the measuring object in order to increase the measurement accuracy at high measuring rates.





Ready for vacuum

The confocalDT sensors consist of passive components and do not emit heat. Particularly for use in vacuum applications, Micro-Epsilon offers sensors, cables and accessories which can be used according to their respective specification.



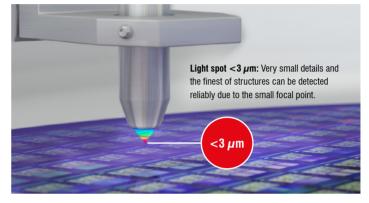
Thickness calibration for precise thickness measurements regardless of distance

Changing material thickness and a varying distance between the target and the sensor produce faulty measurement values. Therefore, confocalDT controllers from Micro-Epsilon offer a thickness calibration feature. The refractive indices (start of measuring range, mid of measuring range, end of measuring range) of different materials are stored in the controller and can be individually adapted. By selecting the respective target material, the distance-dependent error is automatically compensated for which enables to achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy.



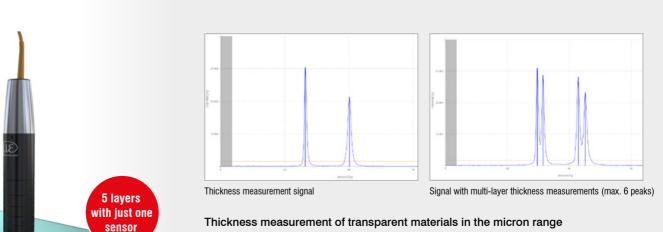
Compact sensors for restricted installation spaces

The compact design with diameters from 4 mm enables integration in restricted spaces. With the 90° models, the required installation depth is again significantly reduced.



The world's smallest light spot for high lateral resolution

The confocalDT sensors from Micro-Epsilon are available with different aperture angles. Sensors with a large aperture angle or high numerical aperture (NA) generate a small light spot (X-Y resolution) and high Z resolution. The light spot size remains almost constant over the entire measuring range which enables to measure even finest details such as IC pins on PCBs, bonding wire or surface roughness. Due to the high measuring rate, roughness can be detected much more faster than with tactile measurements. In addition, the non-contact measuring principle is reactionless.



The confocalDT sensors enable thickness measurements of transparent materials. The material thickness is detected to micrometer accuracy using just one single sensor. Thanks to the integrated multi-layer measurement, the thickness of materials such as laminated glass can be evaluated.

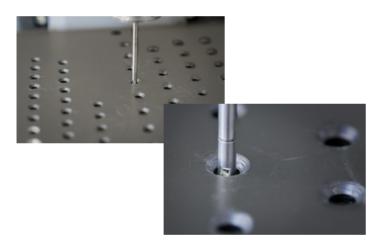
Applications confocalDT



Thickness measurement of displays and flat glass

For the production of display glass, glass sheets with a homogeneous thickness profile are required. To monitor the thickness, confocal chromatic sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used for non-contact, one-sided thickness measurement. Due to their high measuring rate, the sensors are also applied in high speed processes.

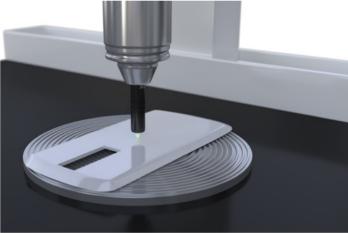
Recommended sensors: IFS2405



Restricted installation space

Miniature sensors with a diameter of 4 mm measure in confined installation spaces, e.g., for the inspection of boreholes. Furthermore, the 90° version of these sensors enables to measure the finest interior contours.

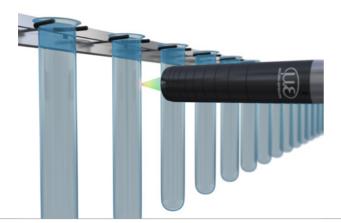
Recommended sensors: IFS2402



Coordinate measuring machines

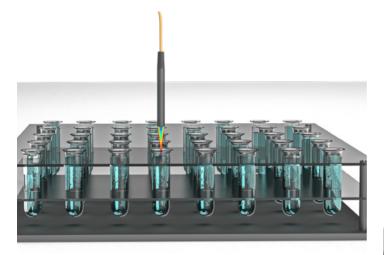
The large aperture angle and the high numerical aperture of confocal chromatic sensors enable high resolution with a small light spot size. As the sensors also tolerate a large tilt angle, they are used in coordinate measuring machines for geometry testing and roughness measurements.

Recommended sensors: IFS2405 / IFS2407



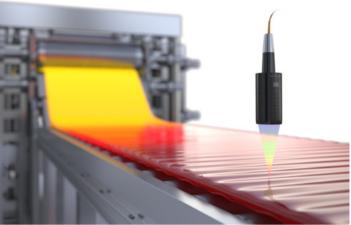
Wall thickness measurement of container glass

Wall thickness distribution is a crucial quality criterion for container glass. In order to determine the glass thickness of the bottom and the walls, confocal chromatic sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used. Measurements are performed without contact and at a high measuring rate. *Recommended sensors: IFS2406*



Measurement in recesses

Their narrow beam path enables the confocal sensors to measure in recesses. With the confocal measuring principle, also measurements on liquids are possible, e.g., for precise filling level control in trays. Recommended sensors: IFS2403 / IFS2404



Hot glass measurments

Protected with a housing provided by the customer, confocal sensors can also measure on hot glass. The large offset distance allows for the sensor to be mounted from a safe distance to the hot glass. Recommended sensors: IFS2405



Thickness measurement on the star wheel Fast dual-channel thickness measurement of glass bottles in industrial production processes.



High precision diameter inspection of bores and cylinders using 90°

Interior diameter inspection

sensor models.

Recommended sensors: IFS2406

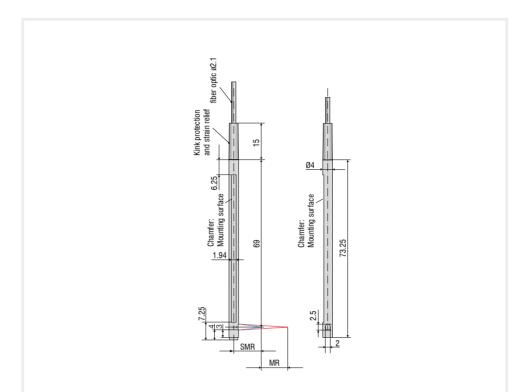
Confocal chromatic miniature sensors confocalDT IFS2402

		on lief fiber optic e2.1	
		atin rel	
		Kink protection and strain relief	
Miniature sensors Ø4 mm with axial or radial beam path			
Submicron resolution		<i>6</i> 4 68 68	
For precise distance measurements			
Small light spot		S	
		æ	
			MR = Measuring range SMR = Start of measuring range Dimensions in mm, not to scale
Model	IFS2402-0,5	IFS2402-1,5	IFS2402-4

Model		IF52402-0,5 IF52402-1,5 IF52402-4			
Measuring range		0.5 mm 1.5 mm 3.5 mm			
Start of measuring range	approx.	1.7 mm	0.9 mm	1.9 mm	
Resolution	static 1)	16 nm	60 nm	100 nm	
Resolution	dynamic 2)	48 nm	192 nm	480 nm	
Linearity 3)	Displacement and distance	$< \pm 0.2 \mu m$ $< \pm 1.2 \mu m$ $< \pm 3 \mu m$			
Light spot diameter		10 μm 20 μm 20 μm			
Max. measuring angle $^{\scriptscriptstyle 4)}$		$\pm 18^{\circ}$ $\pm 5^{\circ}$ $\pm 3^{\circ}$			
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.40 0.20 0.10			
Connector		integrated optical fiber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm			
Mounting		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)			
Temperature renge	Storage	-20 +70 °C			
Temperature range	Operation	−+5 +70 °C			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-	27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-	2-6)	2 g / 20 … 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each			
Protection class (DIN EN	60529)	IP64, front operated			
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses			
Weight			approx. 186 g (incl. optical fiber)		
1) Average from 512 values at	1 kHz near to the mid of the measu	uring range onto optical flat			

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

^a Average from one values at Artiz from one find one measuring range one option national 20 PMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 ^a All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 ^a Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

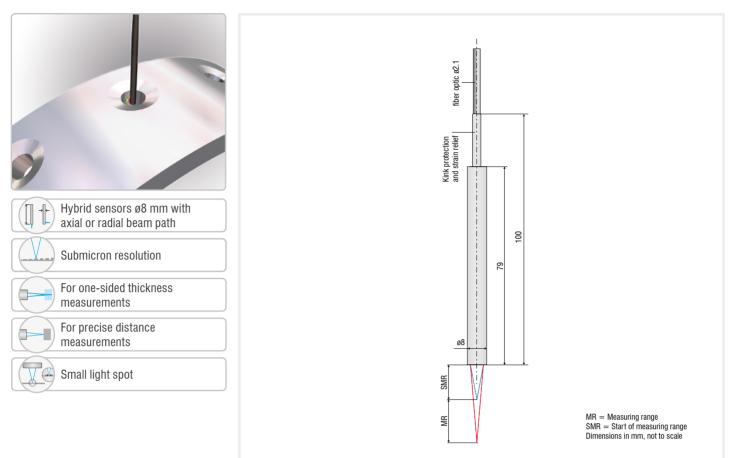


 $\begin{array}{l} MR = \mbox{Measuring range} \\ SMR = \mbox{Start of measuring range} \\ \mbox{Dimensions in mm, not to scale} \end{array}$

Model		IFS2402/90-1,5	IFS2402/90-4	
Measuring range		1.5 mm	2.5 mm	
Start of measuring range approx.		2.5 mm ¹⁾	2.5 mm ¹⁾	
Resolution	static ²⁾	60 nm	100 nm	
Resolution	dynamic 3)	192 nm	480 nm	
Linearity 4)	Displacement and distance	< ±1.2 µm	< ±3 <i>µ</i> m	
Light spot diameter		20 <i>µ</i> m	20 <i>µ</i> m	
Max. measuring angle 5)		±5°	±3°	
Numerical aperture		0.20	0.10	
Connector		integrated optical fiber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm		
Mounting		Clamping, mounting ad	apter (see accessories)	
Storage		-20	+70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-2	7)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2	2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN	ction class (DIN EN 60529) IP40			
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 186 g (i	ncl. optical fiber)	
1) Start of measuring range me	coursed from concer ovia			

¹⁾ Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis
 ²⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat
 ³⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 ⁴⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 ⁵⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

Confocal chromatic hybrid sensors confocalDT IFS2403



Model		IFS2403-0,4 IFS2403-1,5 IFS2403-4 IFS2403-10					
Measuring range		0.4 mm	1.5 mm	4 mm	10 mm		
Start of measuring range	approx.	2.5 mm	8 mm	14.7 mm	11 mm		
Resolution	static 1)	16 nm	60 nm	100 nm	250 nm		
Resolution	dynamic 2)	47 nm	186 nm	460 nm	1250 nm		
Linearity ³ Displacement and distance Thickness		$<\pm0.3\mu\text{m}$	$< \pm 1.2 \mu m$	$<\pm3\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm 8\mu m$		
		$<\pm0.6\mu m$	$<\pm2.4\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm 6\mu { m m}$	$<\pm16\mu{ m m}$		
Light spot diameter		9 <i>µ</i> m	15 <i>µ</i> m	28 µm	56 µm		
Max. measuring angle 4)		±20°	±16°	$\pm 6^{\circ}$	$\pm 6^{\circ}$		
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.50	0.30	0.15	0.15		
Min. target thickness 5)		0.06 mm	0.23 mm	0.6 mm	1.5 mm		
Connector		integrated optical fiber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm					
Mounting		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)					
Temperatura ranga	Storage	-20 +70 °C					
Temperature range Operation		+5 +70 °C					
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each					
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)			2 g / 20 500 Hz in X	Y axis, 10 cycles each			
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)			IP64 (front)			

Stainless steel housing, glass lenses

approx. 200 g (incl. optical fiber)

Material Weight

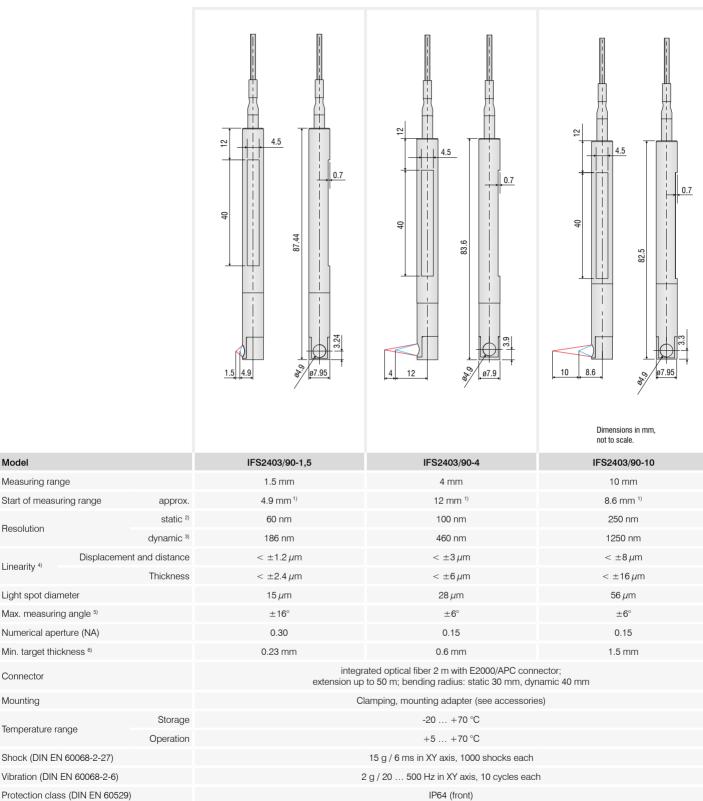
¹⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

^{a)} Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁵⁾ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange



approx. 200 g (incl. optical fiber)

Protection class (DIN EN 60529)

Model

Resolution

Linearity 4)

Connector

Mounting

Temperature range

Light spot diameter

Measuring range

Material Stainless steel housing, glass lenses

Weight

1) Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis

²⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

³⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

⁴⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁵⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

 $^{6)}$ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange

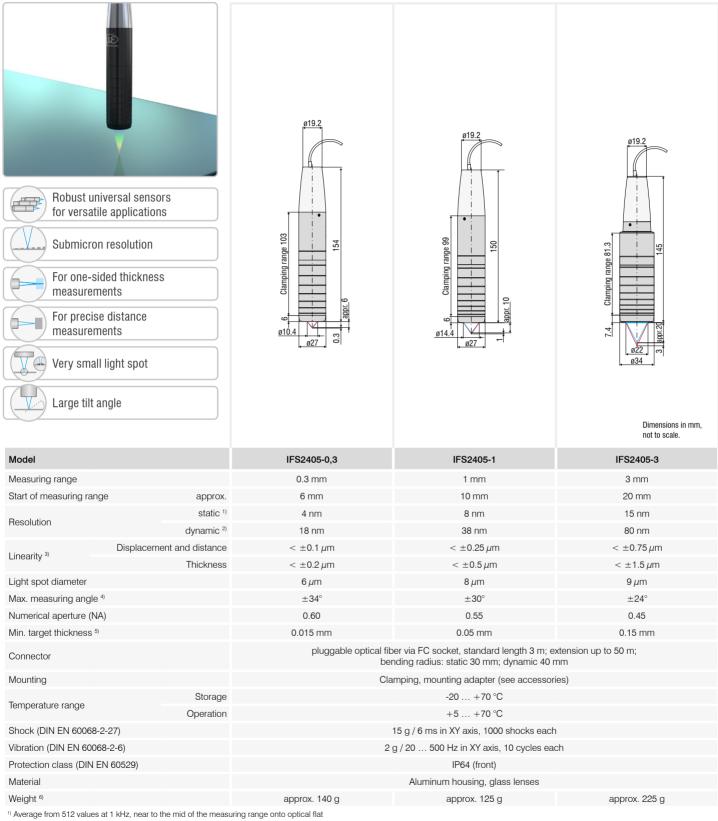
Confocal chromatic sensors confocalDT IFS2404

ModelIFS2404-2IFS2404/90-2Measuring range2 mm2 mmStart of measuring rangeapprox.14 mm9.6 mm ¹)Start of measuring rangeapprox.40 nm40 nmApprox.125 nm125 nm125 nm
Start of measuring range approx. 14 mm 9.6 mm ⁻¹ Start of measuring range static ⁻² 40 nm 40 nm Resolution dynamic ⁻³ 125 nm 125 nm
static ² 40 nm 40 nm dynamic ³ 125 nm 125 nm
Resolution dynamic ³⁾ 125 nm 125 nm
dynamic ³⁾ 125 nm 125 nm
Linearity ⁴ Displacement and distance $< \pm 1 \mu m$ $< \pm 1 \mu m$
Thickness $< \pm 2\mu\text{m}$ $< \pm 2\mu\text{m}$
Light spot diameter 10 µm 10 µm
Max. till angle ⁵ ±12° ±12°
Numerical aperture (NA) 0.25 0.25
Min. target thickness ⁶⁾ 0.1 mm 0.1 mm
Connector pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C2404-x; standard length 2 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm
Mounting Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)
-20 +70 °C
Temperature range Operation +5 +70 °C
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) 15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) 2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each
Protection class (DIN EN 60529) IP65 (front)
Protection class (DIN EN 60529) IP65 (front) Material Stainless steel housing, glass lenses

²⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

²⁷ Average from 512 values at KH2, field to the find of the measuring range onto optical flat
 ³⁸ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 ⁴⁰ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ± 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 ⁴⁰ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 ⁴⁰ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.
 ⁴⁰ Sensor weight without optical fiber

Confocal sensors with high precision confocalDT IFS2405



²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁴⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁵⁾ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

⁶⁾ Sensor weight without optical fiber

Confocal sensors with high precision confocalDT IFS2405

Robust universal sensors for versatile applications Submicron resolution For one-sided thickness	Camping range 86		9.2
For precise distance measurements	e approx 6	18.4	
Very small light spot			
Large tilt angle			

Dimensions in mm, not to scale.

Model		IFS2405-6 IFS2405/90-6 IFS2405-10			
Measuring range		6 mm	10 mm		
Start of measuring range	approx.	63 mm	50 mm		
Resolution	static ²⁾	34 nm	34 nm	36 nm	
Resolution	dynamic 3)	190 nm	190 nm	204 nm	
Linearity 4)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm1.5\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm1.5\mu{ m m}$	$< \pm 2 \mu m$	
Linearity	Thickness	$<\pm3\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm3\mu{ m m}$	$< \pm 4\mu\text{m}$	
Light spot diameter		31 µm 31 µm 16 µm			
Max. measuring angle 5)		±10° ±17°			
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.22 0.22 0.30			
Min. target thickness 6)		0.3 mm 0.3 mm 0.5 mm			
Connector		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm			
Mounting		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)			
Tomporatura ranga	Storage	-20 +70 °C			
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-2	7)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2	-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 6	60529)		IP64 (front)		
Material			Aluminum housing, glass lenses		
Weight 7)		approx. 260 g	approx. 315 g	approx. 500 g	

¹⁾ Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis

²⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

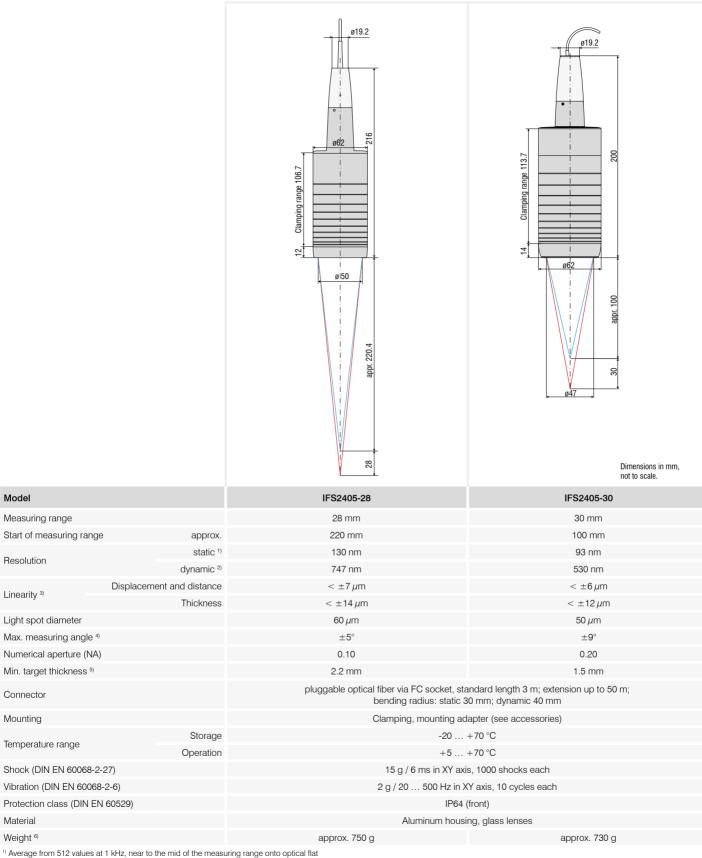
³⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

 $^{4)}$ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 \pm 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁹⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁶ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

7) Sensor weight without optical fiber



²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁴⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁵⁾ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

6) Sensor weight without optical fiber

Model

Resolution

Linearity 3)

Connector

Mounting

Material Weight 6)

Confocal chromatic sensors for displacement and thickness confocalDT IFS2406

Sensors with axial o radial beam path Submicron resolutio For one-sided thickn measurements For precise distance measurements Very small light spot Suitable for VAC area	n ness t	Exchangeable protective glass	<image/>
Model		IFS2406-2.5/VAC(003)	IFS2406/90-2.5/VAC(001)
Model Measuring range		IFS2406-2,5/VAC(003) 2.5 mm	IFS2406/90-2,5/VAC(001) 2.5 mm
Measuring range	approx.	IFS2406-2,5/VAC(003) 2.5 mm 17.2 mm	IFS2406/90-2,5/VAC(001) 2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾
Measuring range Start of measuring range	approx. static ²⁾	2.5 mm	2.5 mm
Measuring range		2.5 mm 17.2 mm	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Displace	static ²⁾	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Displace	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity 4)	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴⁾ Light spot diameter	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ 10 μm	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ 10 μm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁵	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ $10 \mu m$ $\pm 16^{\circ}$	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁵ Numerical aperture (NA)	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ 10 μm $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu m$ $< \pm 1.5 \mu m$ 10 μm $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30
Measuring range Start of measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity 4) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle 5) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness 6)	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static	FC socket, type C240x-x (01); , extension up to 50 m;
Measuring range Start of measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity 4) Displace Max. measuring angle 5) Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness 6) Connector Mounting	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ sement and distance	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a	FC socket, type C240x-x (01); 2.5 mm^{1} 12.6 mm^{1} 12.6 mm^{1} 12.6 mm^{1} 18 nm 97 nm $4 \pm 0.75 \mu \text{m}$ $10 \mu \text{m}$ $\pm 1.6^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm FC socket, type C240x-x (01); 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁵ Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness ⁶ Connector	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ eement and distance Thickness	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a -20	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm < ±0.75 μm < ±1.5 μm 10 μm ±16° 0.30 0.125 mm FC socket, type C240x-x (01); t; extension up to 50 m; : 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm adapter (see accessories) . +70 °C
Measuring range Image Start of measuring range Image Resolution Displace Linearity *) Displace Light spot diameter Image Max. measuring angle *) Image Numerical aperture (NA) Image Min. target thickness *) Image Connector Image Mounting Image Temperature range Image	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ ement and distance Thickness	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a -20 +5	$\begin{array}{c} 2.5 \text{ mm} \\ 12.6 \text{ mm}^{1)} \\ 18 \text{ nm} \\ 97 \text{ nm} \\ < \pm 0.75 \mu\text{m} \\ < \pm 0.75 \mu\text{m} \\ < \pm 1.5 \mu\text{m} \\ 10 \mu\text{m} \\ \pm 16^{\circ} \\ 0.30 \\ 0.125 \text{ mm} \end{array}$ FC socket, type C240x-x (01); n; extension up to 50 m; 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm \\ adapter (see accessories) \\ . +70 °C \\ . +70 °C \\ \end{array}
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁵ Numerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness ⁶ Connector Mounting Temperature range	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ eement and distance Thickness	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY a	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm <18 nm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Displace Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁵ Mumerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness ⁶ Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ eement and distance Thickness	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY a 2 g / 20 500 Hz in	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm 4 97 nm < ±0.75 μm
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁹ Mumerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness ⁹ Connector Mounting Connector Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-7) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) Protection class (DIN EN 60529)	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ eement and distance Thickness	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY a 2 g / 20 500 Hz in IP40 (vacuus	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm FC socket, type C240x-x (01); t, extension up to 50 m; 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm adapter (see accessories) $. +70 ^{\circ}$ C $. +70 ^{\circ}$ C $. +70 ^{\circ}$ C xis, 1000 shocks each XY axis, 10 cycles each um compatible)
Measuring range Start of measuring range Resolution Linearity ⁴) Displace Linearity ⁴) Light spot diameter Max. measuring angle ⁵ Mumerical aperture (NA) Min. target thickness ⁶ Connector Mounting Temperature range Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27) Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)	static ²⁾ dynamic ³⁾ eement and distance Thickness	2.5 mm 17.2 mm 17.2 mm 18 nm 97 nm $< \pm 0.75 \mu$ m $< \pm 1.5 \mu$ m 10 μ m $\pm 16^{\circ}$ 0.30 0.125 mm pluggable optical fiber via standard length 3 m bending radius: static Clamping, mounting a -20 +5 15 g / 6 ms in XY a 2 g / 20 500 Hz in IP40 (vacuus	2.5 mm 12.6 mm ¹⁾ 18 nm 97 nm 4 97 nm < ±0.75 μm

²⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat

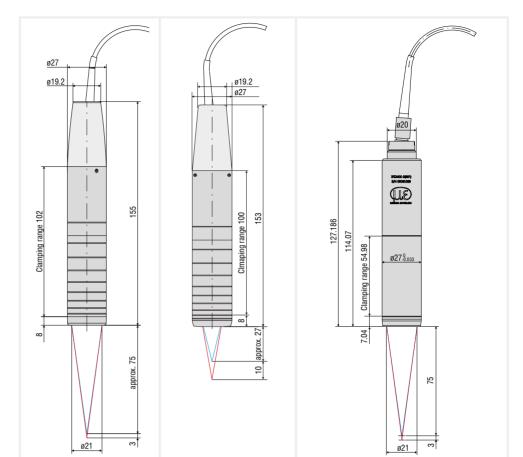
³⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

⁴⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁵⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁶ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

7) Sensor weight without optical fiber



Dimensions in mm, not to scale.

				1. 1	
Model		IFS2406-3	IFS2406-10	IFS2406-3/VAC(001)	
Measuring range		3 mm	10 mm	3 mm	
Start of measuring range	approx.	75 mm	27 mm	75 mm	
Resolution static 1)		32 nm	38 nm	50 nm	
nesolution	dynamic 2)	168 nm	207 nm	168 nm	
Linearity ³⁾	Displacement and distance	$<\pm1.5\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm 2\mu m$	$<\pm1.5\mu{ m m}$	
	Thickness	$<\pm3\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm4\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm3\mu{ m m}$	
Light spot diameter		35 <i>µ</i> m	15 <i>µ</i> m	35 <i>µ</i> m	
Max. measuring angle 4)		$\pm 6.5^{\circ}$	±13.5°	$\pm 6.5^{\circ}$	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.14	0.25	0.14	
Min. target thickness 5)		0.15 mm	0.5 mm	0.15 mm	
Connector		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C240x-x (01); pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C24 standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; VAC(01); standard length 3 m; extension up to bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm			
Mounting		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)			
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C			
lemperature range	Operation	+5 +70 ℃			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27	7)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2	-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 6	60529)	IP65 ((front)	IP40 (vacuum compatible)	

Protection class (DIN EN 60529)	100 (11	ont)	IP40 (vacuum compatible)			
Material	Aluminum housing	g, glass lenses	Stainless steel housing (1.4305), glass lenses			
Weight 6)	approx. 99 g	approx. 128 g	approx. 250 g			
¹⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the mid of the measuring range onto optical flat						

²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
⁴⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁹ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

⁶⁾ Sensor weight without optical fiber

High precision sensors for displacement and thickness measurements confocalDT IFS2407

Compact sens Submicron res For one-sided measurements For precise dis measurements Very small ligh	thickness s stance s nt spot	educed and and and and and and and and and an	0.1 50 58.5 58.5	øl øl
Model		IFS2407-0,1	IFS2407-0,1(001)	IFS2407-0,8
Measuring range		0.1 mm	0.1 mm	0.8 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	1 mm	1 mm	5.9 mm
	static 1)	3 nm	3 nm	24 nm
Resolution	dynamic 2)	6 nm	6 nm	75 nm
[Displacement and distance	$<\pm0.05\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm0.05\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm0.2\mu{ m m}$
Linearity ³⁾	Thickness	< ±0.1 µm	< ±0.1 µm	$<\pm0.4\mu{ m m}$
Light spot diameter		3 <i>µ</i> m	4 <i>µ</i> m	6 <i>µ</i> m
Max. measuring angle 4)		$\pm 48^{\circ}$	$\pm 48^{\circ}$	$\pm 30^{\circ}$
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.80	0.70	0.50
Min. target thickness 5)		0.005 mm	0.005 mm	0.04 mm
Connector			er via FC socket, standard length 3 m; ex ding radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 r	
Mounting		Clar	nping, mounting adapter (see accessori	es)
Tourse and the	Storage		-20 +70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation		+5 +70 °C	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27))	1	5 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6	6)		/ 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles ead	
Protection class (DIN EN 60			IP65 (front)	
Material			Stainless steel housing, glass lenses	
Weight 6)		approx. 36 a	approx. 36 a	approx. 40 a
Weight ⁶⁾ Special features		approx. 36 g Sensor with high numerical aperture	approx. 36 g Light-intensive sensor	approx. 40 g -

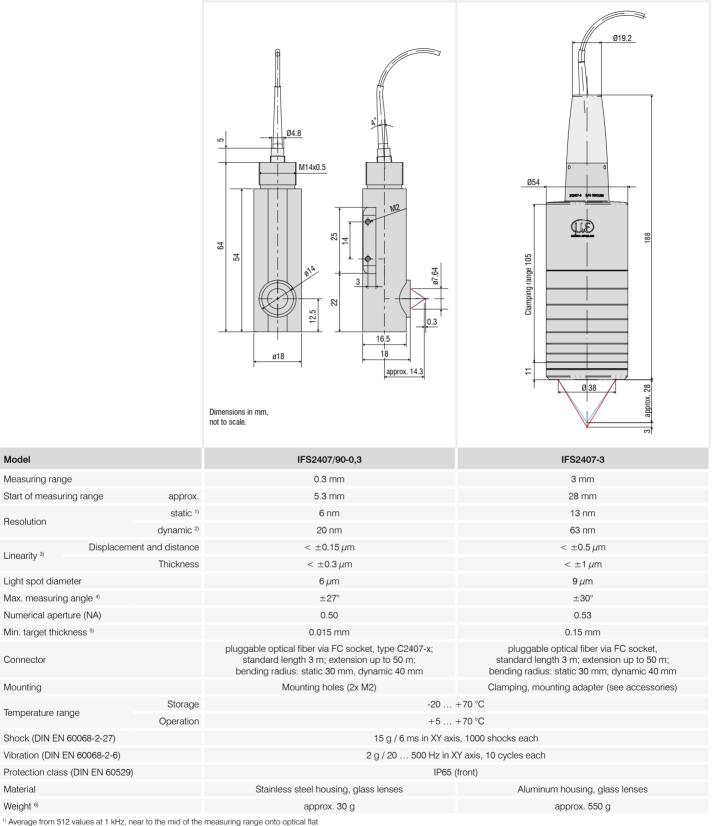
²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁴⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁹ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

6) Sensor weight without optical fiber



²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ± 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁴⁾ Maximum measuring angle of the sensor that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁵⁾ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

6) Sensor weight without optical fiber

Model

Resolution

Linearity 3)

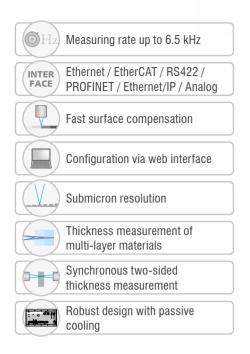
Connector

Mounting

Material

Weight 6)

The new confocal controller for industrial applications confocalDT IFC242x





The confocal DT 2421/22 controllers set the industrial standard in precise, confocal measurement technology.

Available as either a single- or a dual-channel version, these measuring systems are a low cost solution especially for serial applications. The active exposure regulation of the CCD line enables accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer thickness measurements. Using a special calculation function, the confocalDT 2422 dual-channel version evaluates both channels. Measurement acquisition is synchronous and can be carried out while exploiting the full measuring rate for both channels.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.



Settings are made via the web interface. For thickness measurements, materials are stored in an expandable materials database.

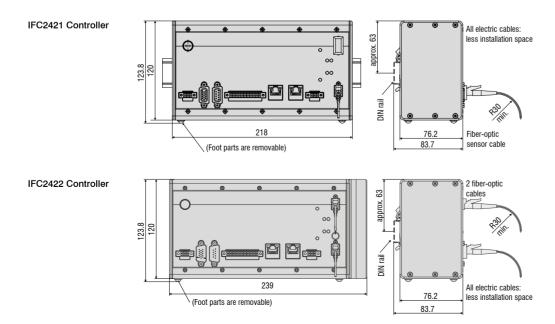
Two sensors can be directly connected to a confocal IFC2422 controller.

Model		IFC2421	IFC2421MP	IFC2422	IFC2422MP	
Eth	nernet/EtherCAT		1 nr	n		
Resolution	RS422	18 bit				
	Analog		16 bits (tea	achable)		
Measuring rate			continuously adjustable f	rom 100 Hz to 6.5 kHz		
Linearity		typ. $< \pm 0.025$ % FSO (depends on sensor)				
Aulti-layer measurement	t	1 layer	5 layers	1 layer	5 layers	
ight source			internal wh	nite LED		
lo. of characteristic curv	ves	up to 20 characteristic curves for different sensors per channel, selection via table in the menu				
ermissible ambient ligh	t 1)		30,00	0 lx		
ynchronization			yes	3		
Supply voltage			24 VDC :	±15 %		
Power consumption			approx.	10 W		
ignal input			sync-in / trig-in; 2x encoder	s (A+, A-, B+, B-, index)		
Digital interface			Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422; F	PROFINET 2); EtherNet/IP 2)		
nalog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)				
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out				
Digital output		sync-out				
	Optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm				
Connector	Electrical	3-pin supply terminal strip; encoder connection (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. cable length 3 m, 30 m with external encoder supply); RS422 connection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); 3-pin output terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 11-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); RJ45 socket for Ethernet (out) / EtherCAT (in/out) (max. cable length 100 m)				
Nounting		free-standing, DIN rail mounting				
	Storage	-20 +70 °C				
emperature range	Operation		+5 +	50 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-	-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each				
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each				
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40				
Material		Aluminum				
Weight		approx. 1.8 kg approx. 2.25 kg				
Compatibility		compatible with all confocalDT sensors				
No. of measurement channels ³⁾		1 2				
Control and indicator elements		Multifunction button (two adjustable functions and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 5x LEDs for intensity, range, status and supply voltage				
F00 F #0 + 0 + +						

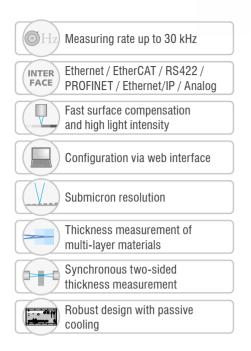
FSO = Full Scale Output

¹⁾ Illuminant: light bulb

²¹ Connection via interface module (see accessories)
³¹ No loss of intensity and linearity due to two synchronous measurement channels



Light-intensive controller for high speed measurements confocalDT IFC246x





The confocalDT 2465 and 2466 controllers enable fast, high-precision distance and thickness measurements up to 30 kHz. They are available as a single- or dual-channel variant. In addition, the MP models measure the thickness of up to 5 transparent layers at once. The controllers are characterized by high luminous intensity which enables very fast and reliable measurements even on dark surfaces.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer thickness measurements. Using a special calculation function, the confocalDT 2466 dual-channel version evaluates both channels. Measurement acquisition is synchronous and can be carried out while exploiting the full measuring rate for both channels.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output. Optionally available interface modules enable the data to be output also via PROFINET or EtherNet/IP.

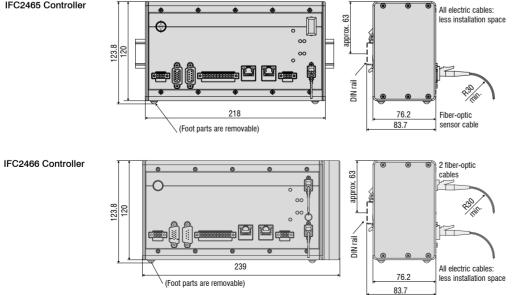


Settings are made via the web interface. For thickness measurements, materials are stored in an expandable materials database.

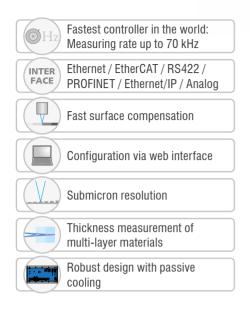
Model		IFC2465	IFC2465MP	IFC2466	IFC2466MP	
	Ethernet/EtherCAT		1	nm		
Resolution	RS422		1	8 bit		
Analog		16 bits (teachable)				
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 30 kHz				
Linearity		typ. $< \pm 0.025$ % FSO (depends on sensor)				
Multi-layer measuremen	nt	1 layer	5 layers	1 layer	5 layers	
Light source			internal	white LED		
No. of characteristic cur	rves	up to 20 charac	cteristic curves for different ser	nsors per channel, selection via tab	ble in the menu	
Permissible ambient light	ht 1)		30	000 lx		
Synchronization				yes		
Supply voltage			24 VD	C ±15 %		
Power consumption			appr	x. 10 W		
Signal input			sync-in / trig-in; 2x enco	ders (A+, A-, B+, B-, index)		
Digital interface			Ethernet / EtherCAT / RS42	2 / PROFINET 2) / EtherNet/IP 2)		
Analog output			Current: 4 20 mA; voltage	: 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)		
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out				
Digital output		sync-out				
	Optical	pluggable op	otical fiber via E2000 socket, le	ngth 2 m 50 m, min. bending ra	idius 30 mm	
Connector	Electrical	30 m with external e 3-pin output termin	encoder supply); RS422 conne al strip (max. cable length 30 r	n (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. ca ection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. c n); 11-pin I/O terminal strip (max. c rCAT (in/out) (max. cable length 1	cable length 30 m); cable length 30 m);	
Mounting			free-standing,	DIN rail mounting		
T	Storage		-20	. +70 °C		
Temperature range	Operation		+5	. +50 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2	2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each				
Vibration (DIN EN 60068	8-2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each				
Protection class (DIN E	N 60529)	IP40				
Material		Aluminum				
Weight		approx. 1.8 kg approx. 2.25 kg		2.25 kg		
Compatibility		compatible with all confocalDT sensors				
No. of measurement ch	annels ³⁾	1 2		2		
Control and indicator ele	ements	Multifunction button (two adjustable functions and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 5x LEDs for intensity, range, status and supply voltage				

FSO = Full Scale Output
 Illuminant: light bulb
 Connection via interface module (see accessories)
 No loss of intensity and linearity due to two synchronous measurement channels





Confocal high-speed controller up to 70 kHz confocalDT IFC2471 HS

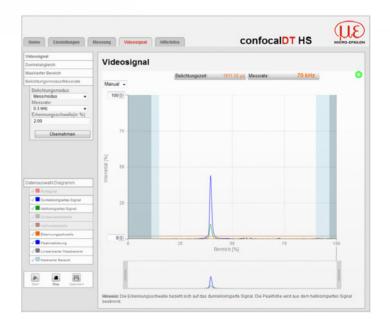


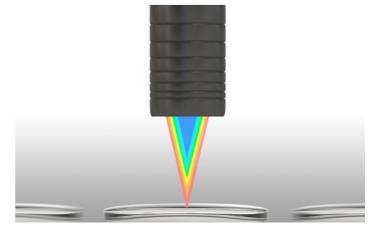


The confocalDT 2471 HS controllers are used for fast distance and thickness measurements of highly reflecting and specular surfaces. The controllers are equipped with enhanced optical components enabling measuring rates up to 70 kHz on reflecting surfaces without having to use an external light source. The confocalDT HS controllers are one of the fastest confocal measuring systems in the world. The active exposure regulation of the CCD line enables accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces during dynamic measurement processes.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance and thickness measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer measurements.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.

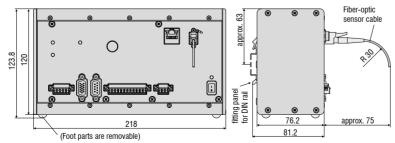




Model		IFC2471LED	IFC2471MP LED	
	Ethernet/EtherCAT	11	nm	
Resolution	RS422	18	bit	
	Analog	16 bits (teachable)		
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable	e from 100 Hz to 70 kHz	
Linearity		typ. < ±0.025 % FSC) (depends on sensor)	
Multi-layer measurement		1 layer	5 layers	
Light source		internal v	vhite LED	
No. of characteristic curves		storage of up to 20 calibration tables for dif	ferent sensors per channel, menu selection	
Permissible ambient light 1)		30,0	00 lx	
Synchronization		у	es	
Supply voltage		24 VDC	5 ±15 %	
Power consumption		approx	<. 10 W	
Signal input		sync-in / trig-in; 3x e	ncoders (A, B, index)	
Digital interface		Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422;	PROFINET ² ; EtherNet/IP ²)	
Analog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10	V / -10 +10 V (16 bit D/A converter)	
Switching output		Error1-Out,	Error2-Out	
Digital output		sync-out		
	Optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, len	gth 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm	
Connector	Electrical	encoder connection (15-pin, HD-s RS422 connection socket (9-pin, 3-pin output terminal strip 12-pin I/O terminal strip (terminal strip; ub socket, max. cable length 3 m); Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); (max. cable length 30 m); (max. cable length 30 m); rCAT (max. cable length 100 m)	
Mounting		free-standing, D	IN rail mounting	
-	Storage	-20	+70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation	+5	+50 °C	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XYZ ax	is, 1000 shocks each	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in X	YZ axis, 10 cycles each	
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP	40	
Material		Alum	inum	
Weight		approx	. 2.2 kg	
Compatibility		compatible with all	confocalDT sensors	
No. of measurement channels			1	
Control and indicator elements			lignment and reset to factory setting after 10 s); ge, status, supply voltage	
Special features		particularly light-intensive	and high measuring rate	
FSO = Full Scale Output				

²⁾ Connection via interface module (see accessories)

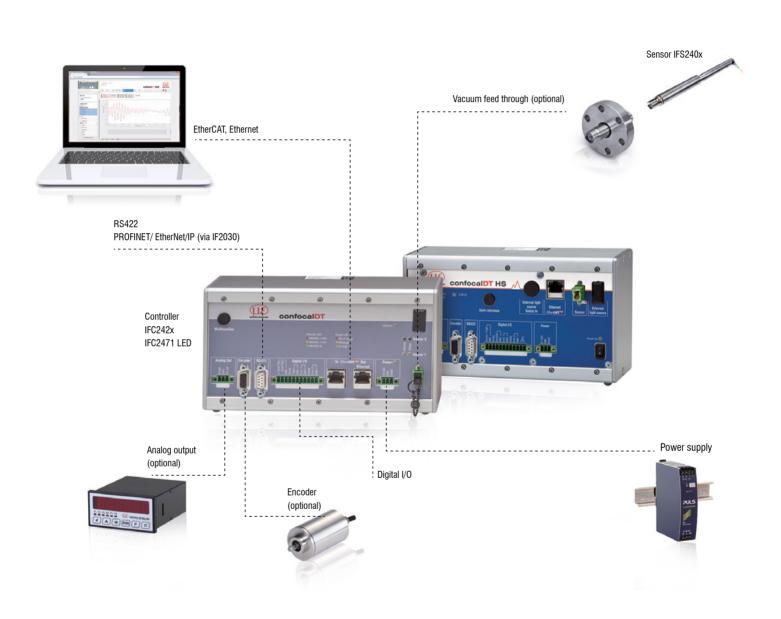




System design confocalDT

The confocalDT system consists of:

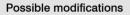
- Sensor IFS240x
- Controller IFC24xx
- Fiber optic cable C24xx



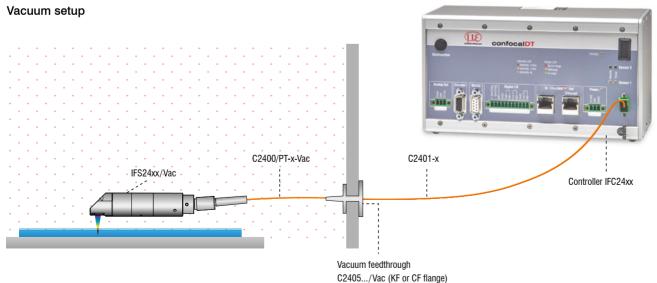
Customer-specific modifications

Application examples are often found where the standard versions of the sensors and the controllers are performing at their limits. To facilitate such special tasks, it is possible to customize the sensor design and to adjust the controller accordingly. Common requests for modifications include changes in design, mounting options, customized cable lengths and modified measuring ranges.





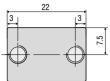
- Sensors with connector
- Cable length
- Vacuum suitability up to UHV
- Specific lengths
- Customer-specific mounting options
- Optical filter for ambient light compensation
- Housing material
- Measuring range / Offset distance

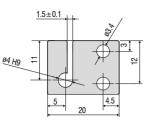


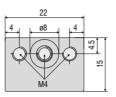
C2403.../ Vac (KF of CF hange)

Accessories confocalDT

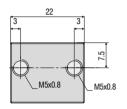
Accessories: mounting adapter MA2402 for sensors 2402

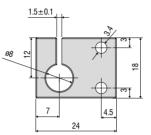


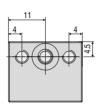




Accessories: mounting adapter MA2403 for sensors 2403

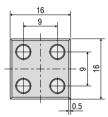


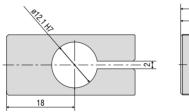


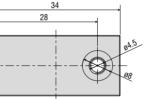


Accessories: mounting adapter

MA2404-12 for sensors IFS2404-2 / IFS2404/90-2 / IFS2407-0,1

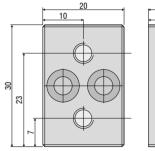


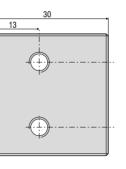


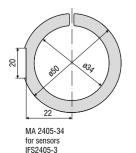


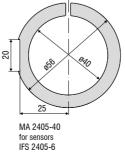
Accessories: mounting adapter MA2400 for sensors IFS2405 / IFS2406 / IFS2407 (consisting of a mounting block and a mounting ring)

Mounting block

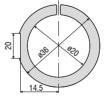




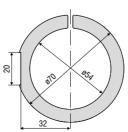




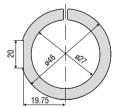
Mounting ring



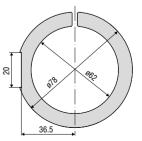
MA 2406-20 for sensors IFS2406-2,5 IFS2406/90-2,5



MA 2405-54 for sensors IFS2405-10 / IFS2407-3



MA 2400-27 for sensors IFS2405-0,3 / -1 IFS2406-3 / -10

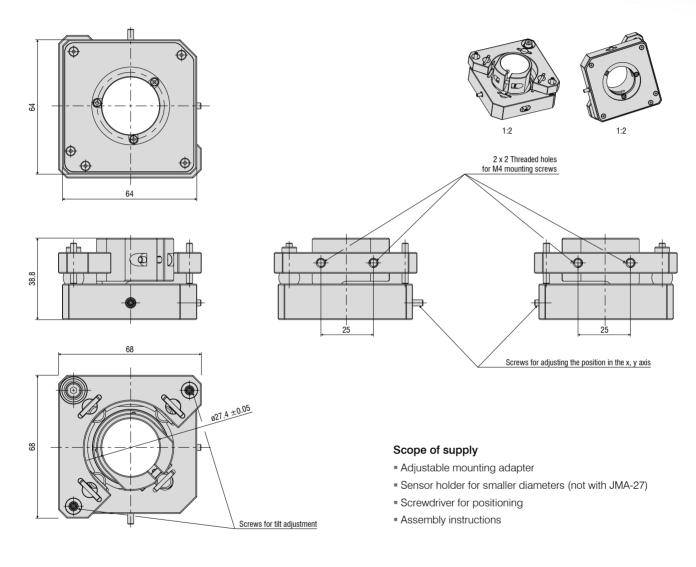


MA 2405-62 for sensors IFS2405-28 / -30

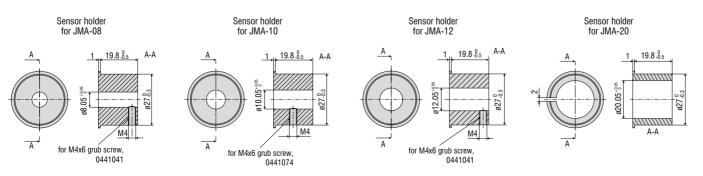
Adjustable mounting adapter

The adjustable JMA mounting adapter simplifies the alignment and fine adjustment of confocal sensors. You can integrate the sensors with the adapter directly into the machine and then align them directly on site. This corrects, e.g, minor deviations caused by mounting and compensates for tilted measuring objects. With two-sided thickness measurements, the mounting adapter supports the fine alignment of the two measuring points.





Sensor holder for smaller diameters



Accessories confocalDT

Software

IFD24xx-Tool Software demo tool included

Accessories light source

IFL2422/LEDLamp module for IFC2422 and IFC2466IFL24x1/LEDLamp module for IFC2421, IFC2465 and IFC2471

Cable extension for sensors

CE2402 cable with 2x E2000/APC connectors		
CE2402-x	Extension for optical fiber (3 m, 10 m, 13 m, 30 m, 50 m)	
CE2402/PT3-x	Extension for optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress	
	(3 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)	

Cable for IFS2404 sensors

C2404-x Optical fiber with FC/APC and E2000/APC connectors Fiber core diameter 20 μ m (2 m)

Cables for IFS2405/IFS2406/2407-0,1 sensors

C2401 cable with FC/APC and E2000/APC connectors		
C2401-x	Optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)	
C2401/PT3-x	Optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress	
	(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)	
C2401-x(01)	Optical fiber core diameter 26 μ m (3 m, 5 m, 15 m)	
C2401-x(10)	Drag-chain suitable optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m)	

C2400 cable with 2x FC/APC connectors

C2400-x	Optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)
C2400/PT-x	Optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress
	(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)
C2400/PT-x-Vac	Optical fiber with protection tube suitable for use in vacuum
	(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

Cable for IFS2407/90-0,3 sensors

C2407-x

Optical fiber with DIN connector and E2000/APC (2 m, 5 m)

Vacuum feedthrough

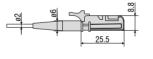
C2402/Vac/KF16	Vacuum feed through with optical fiber, 1 channel, vacuum side FC/APC
	non-vacuum side E2000/APC, clamping flange KF 16
C2405/Vac/1/KF16	Vacuum feed through on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel,
	clamping flange type KF 16
C2405/Vac/1/CF16	Vacuum feed through on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel,
	flange type CF 16
C2405/Vac/6/CF63	Vacuum feed through FC/APC socket, 6 channels,
	flange type CF 63

Other accessories

SC2471-x/USB/IND	Connector cable IFC2461/71, 3 m, 10 m, 20 m
SC2471-x/IF2008	Connector cable IFC2461/71-IF2008, 3 m, 10 m, 20 m $$
PS2020	Power supply 24 V / 2.5 A
EC2471-3/OE	Encoder cable, 3 m
IF2030/PNET	Interface module for PROFINET connection
IF2030/ENETIP	Interface module for EtherNet/IP connection

Optical fiber

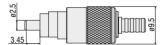
Temperature range: -50 °C to 90 °C Bending radius: 30/40 mm



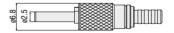
E2000/APC Standard connector

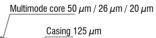


FC/APC Standard connector



DIN Connector





Acrylate <250 μ m

Coating/buffer PVC: polyvinyl chloride

Strain relief PVDF: polyvinylidene fluoride



Sensors and Systems from Micro-Epsilon



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