



ORBIT® LTH LASER SENSOR



orbit **LTH**

AMETEK®
ULTRA PRECISION TECHNOLOGIES

Table of Contents

1INTRODUCTION.....	4
2SAFETY, WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS.....	4
2.1WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS.....	4
2.2SAFETY FEATURES.....	7
2.3HAZARD AREAS.....	7
3OPERATING PRINCIPLES.....	8
3.1SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.....	8
3.2INSTALLATION AND SET UP.....	8
3.2.1Environments that are known to cause problems	8
3.2.2Head Orientation.....	9
3.2.2.1Moving Targets.....	9
3.2.2.2Slots and Walls.....	10
3.2.3Mounting	11
4KEY FEATURES.....	13
4.1.1Laser Head Filter	13
4.1.2Level Cut Time.....	13
4.1.3Laser Beam Control.....	14
5ORBIT AND ORBIT ACS INTERFACES.....	14

FDA NOTICE

This product complies with FDA CFR Title 21 Parts 1040.10 and 1040.11 excepting for variations relevant to FDA Laser Notice No. 50 (June 24, 2007).

IEC NOTICE

This product complies with IEC 60825-1:2007.

1 INTRODUCTION

Solartron Metrology's Class 3 visible laser gauge sensor combined with Solartron's Orbit and Orbit ACS products offers a solid non contact metrology solution for many applications

2 SAFETY, WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS

2.1 WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS

Symbol Definitions and Explanation



Laser Aperture.



Electrical Shock/Electrocution Hazard.



Class 3R: Is considered safe if handled carefully, with restricted beam viewing.

SAFETY, WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS (continued)



WARNING: DO NOT STARE DIRECTLY INTO THE BEAM

This product emits laser radiation. **DO NOT** stare directly into the beam with the naked eye or any form of optical equipment. **DO NOT** stare at reflections of the beam.

DO NOT point the laser at a person's eye.



Beam Paths

The beam emitted by the laser sensor should be terminated at the end of its useful path. Open laser beams should be located above or below eye level. Take special care on highly reflected targets as the reflected beam may inadvertently be directed into the eye of the user.



WARNING: DO NOT USE TO PROTECT THE HUMAN BODY

This device is not intended to be used in applications or systems where it will directly or indirectly function to protect the human body

SAFETY, WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS (continued)



WARNING: DO NOT USE IN EXPLOSIVE ENVIRONMENTS

Do not use this product in environments containing flammable liquids, flammable gases, or flammable particulate matter



WARNING: DO OPEN OR MODIFY THE LASER HEAD

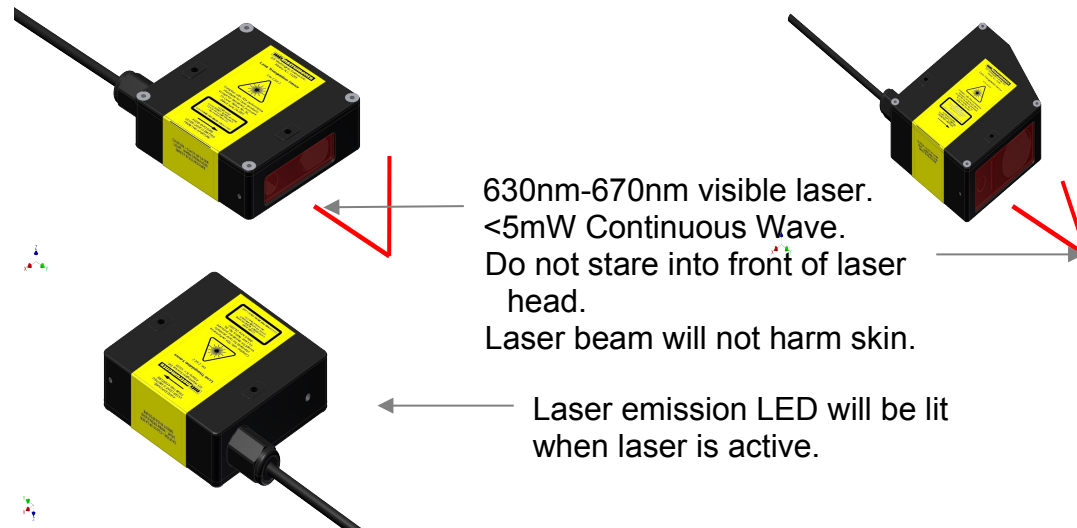
Laser radiation levels inside the head can exceed the rated levels outside of the head. Modification of the laser head may expose users to unsafe laser radiation levels beyond the rated levels of the head. There are no user serviceable parts inside the laser head.

2.2 SAFETY FEATURES

Aperture Cover-For Class 3B laser (inclusive) and higher class laser heads, an aperture cover will be supplied. This cover will block the laser light from exiting the laser head. For Class 3R (inclusive) and lower class laser heads, an aperture cover will not be provided.

Laser ON LED-This product has a range indicator LED which also functions as a Laser ON indicator. When the range LED indicator is on (any color), the laser diode is activated.

2.3 HAZARD AREAS



Although the lasers are not considered hazardous during normal operation, **do not stare directly into the laser beam.** Due to the hazard potential associated with a class **3R and 3B lasers**, only persons who have received appropriate training should be placed in control of this equipment.

3 OPERATING PRINCIPLES

3.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The Solartron LTH laser system uses the principle of laser triangulation to perform a one dimensional measurement of a target. This can be used to measure height, profile, distance, displacement, thickness, alignment etc. (For some measurement applications more than one laser may be required).

The LTH laser projects a beam of light onto a surface which is then reflected back, a CMOS array detects the position of the returned beam this is then converted into a distance measurement. Auto Gain is used to adjust the laser power to be optimum for the surface being measured. The laser is suitable for measuring on all types of diffuse surfaces such as black, colored, metallic, wood, ceramic steel or plastics.

As an Orbit® product the LTH is compatible with all other Solartron Metrology Orbit products and can be used to form complex measurement systems combining both contact and non contact measurements.

3.2 INSTALLATION AND SET UP

The LTH operates by emitting a coherent light source and monitoring the reflected response. Using this product in environments that impairs optical operations will adversely affect the performance.

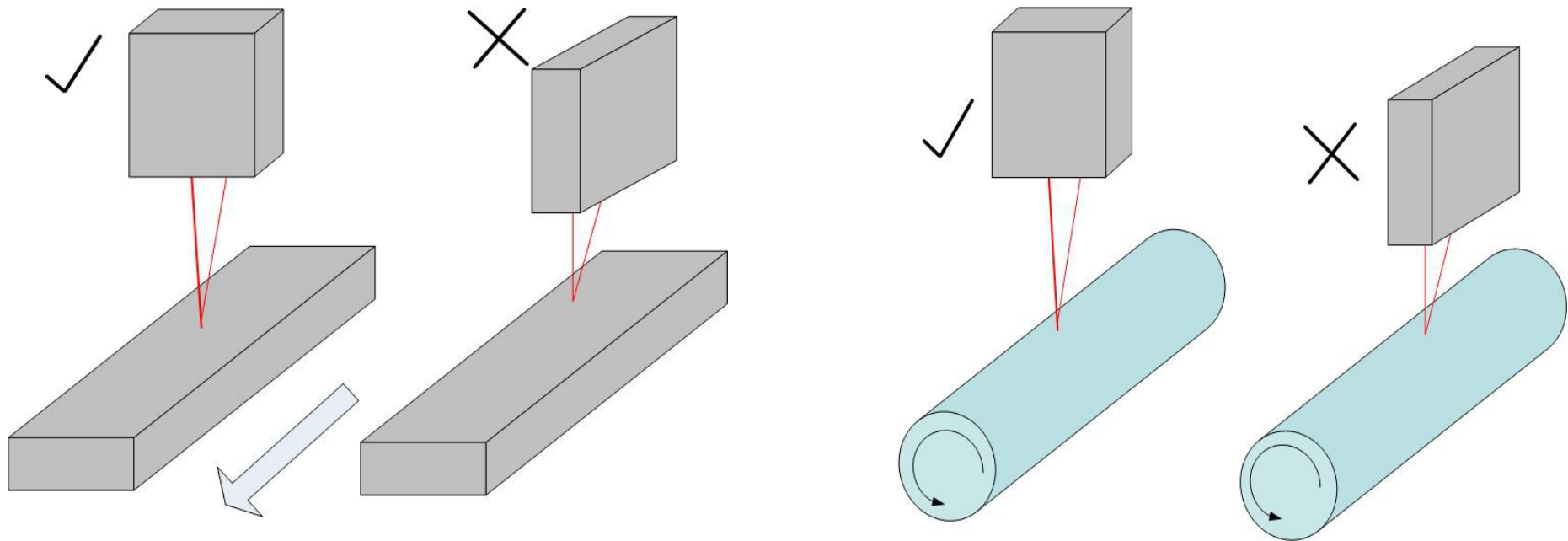
3.2.1 Environments that are known to cause problems

- Conditions where condensation is known to occur on the exterior surfaces of the LTH
- Conditions where water is directly sprayed onto the LTH.
- High dust or small particulate environments
- Environments where chemicals, especially organic solvents can damage seals and glass surfaces.
- Environments where gaseous chemicals, can penetrate seals and damage components inside the LTH.
- Mounting in an environment where the LTH is subject to shock or vibration.
- Mounting in areas that have a high ambient light (especially in the range 630nm to 800nm) (red to near infrared).

3.2.2 Head Orientation

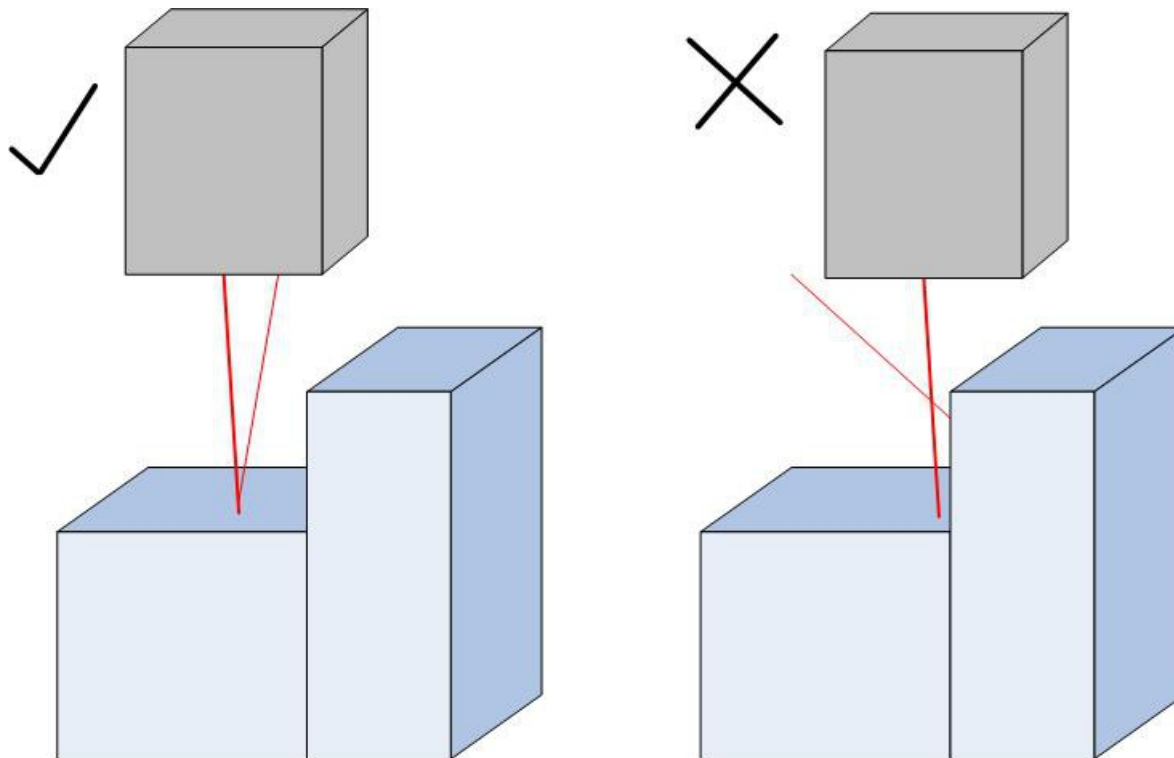
3.2.2.1 Moving Targets

The orientation of LTH relative to a moving target can affect the performance, as a general rule position the wide face of the LTH perpendicular to the motion.



3.2.2.2 Slots and Walls

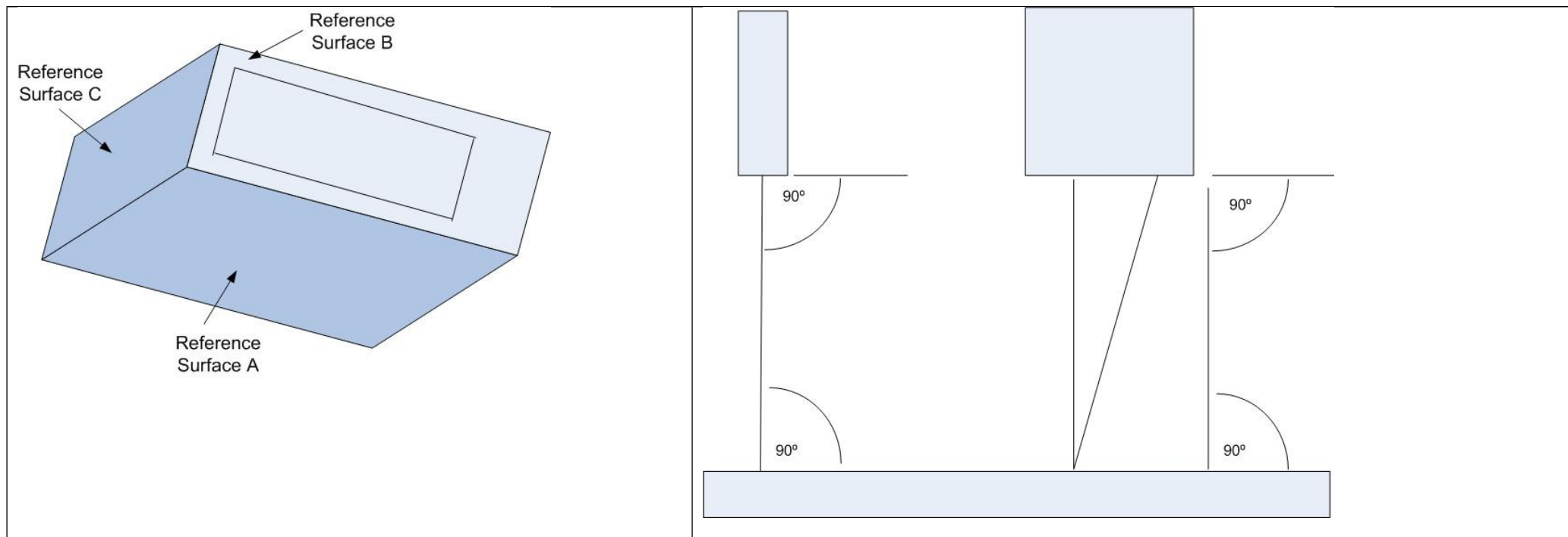
When measuring near a wall or measuring in a slot ensure that the reflected beam is not blocked or reflected away from the head by any obstruction.



3.2.3 Mounting

The LTH has two mounting holes for a M3.5 screw or #6 ANSI/ASME screw. Do not exceed a tightening force of 2.3Nm (20 in Lbs). A suitable thread locking agent is advised.

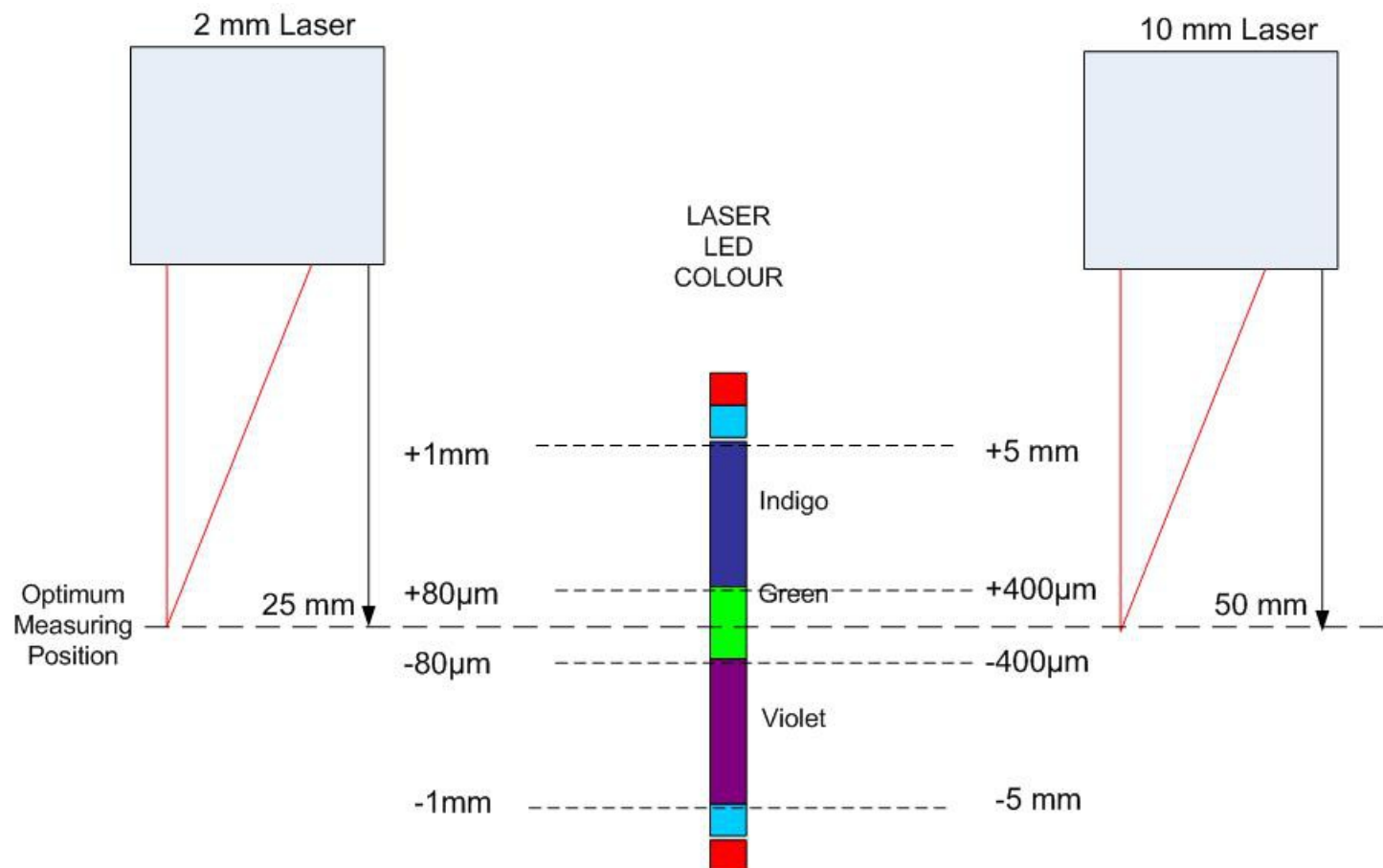
The LTH has three reference surfaces which may be used to align the head for optimal performance. The primary surface A is formed by the raised mounts on bottom of the head. The second B is the front of the head and the third closest to the emitter.



When mounting the head the goal is to have the Reference Surface B parallel as possible to the plane of the target. Take care when using mechanical blocks etc to set up the laser as the window may be scratched.

Measurement Set Up

The 2mm and 10mm versions of the LTH measure as shown in the diagram below.



The green led indicates the most accurate position for measurement.

4 KEY FEATURES

4.1.1 Laser Head Filter

The laser filter can be set to improve signal stability via the Orbit Network.

Available Settings: 20kHz, 4kHz, 1kHz, 200Hz, 25Hz, 1Hz and 0.1Hz

Note that on certain targets, particularly dark targets, setting the filter to 4kHz or lower may improve performance as the CMOS integration time is increased at settings of 4kHz or lower.

When a filter other than 20kHz is chosen, the effective sampling rate of the head will be reduced from 40kHz to 20kHz. This will permit a longer integration time on the CMOS sensor, which can be useful on absorbing (dark) targets.

Important: Factory Default = 4KHz.

4.1.2 Level Cut Time

Level Cut Time is used to modify the operation of the Laser head when the received laser intensity is below the dark cut value (~10%) or above the bright cut value (~75%).

When level cut time is defined, instead of outputting the maximum / minimum displacement value (125% of head range), the Laser head will continue to output the value measured before the intensity went out of range.

After the cut time expires, the maximum / minimum displacement value will be output.

This function is generally used to handle situations when the target has known features that would cause the head to move to a saturated value.

An example of this is a plastic plate that has holes drilled in it. When the laser beam moves into the holes, the value will go out of range. Using the cut time feature, the value before the laser went into the hole will be held.

The unit is 0.1msec. The minimum value is 0msec. The maximum cut time is 1000.0msec.

Factory Default = No cut time.

4.1.3 Laser Beam Control

The laser Beam can be switched off. Allowing the lasers to measure points that are close together where beam interference may cause a problem. In the beam off mode the laser head remains powered which keeps the laser operating at full performance so that readings can be taken quickly after turning the beam back on.

5 ORBIT AND ORBIT ACS INTERFACES

The LTH comes connected to either an Orbit module or an Orbit ACS module.

All of the laser functions can be set either using the Orbit Interface controllers such as the USB Interface Module and the Orbit Support Pack for Windows. Orbit commands to set up the laser can be found in the Orbit Software Manual available on the Solartron Metrology Web Site.

Instructions for using the Orbit ACS version can be found in the Orbit ACS manual available on the Solartron Metrology Web Site. The Laser can be set up using either the Orbit ACS Menu commands or via the Modbus Interface



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